

--The next action is initiated by the time outs of the timer 22 (Notify Time Out). With each time out the remaining time for the reception R is calculated from the reception point in time (RT) and the current time value (CT). The time value is going on and the remaining time R becomes smaller. After that the progress indicator is updated with the new value. (Steps S102' to S108'.)

CV It should be noted that "time out" will be initiated several times before the reception of the object is indicated (notify object reception). Then the timer has to be stopped (step S120) in order to stop updating the progress indicator. After that the object is presented to the user (step S122).--

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend Claim 1 as follows:

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C7 --1. (Amended) A method for determining access times of repeatedly broadcast objects in a broadcast channel using a unidirectional communication scheme in order to transmit the broadcast objects from a server side to a receiver side, characterized in that the broadcast object includes a header defining a repetition distance which is the distance between the completed transmission of the broadcast object and its next repetition, and a next reception point in time of said broadcast object is calculated from a current time value and said repetition distance.--